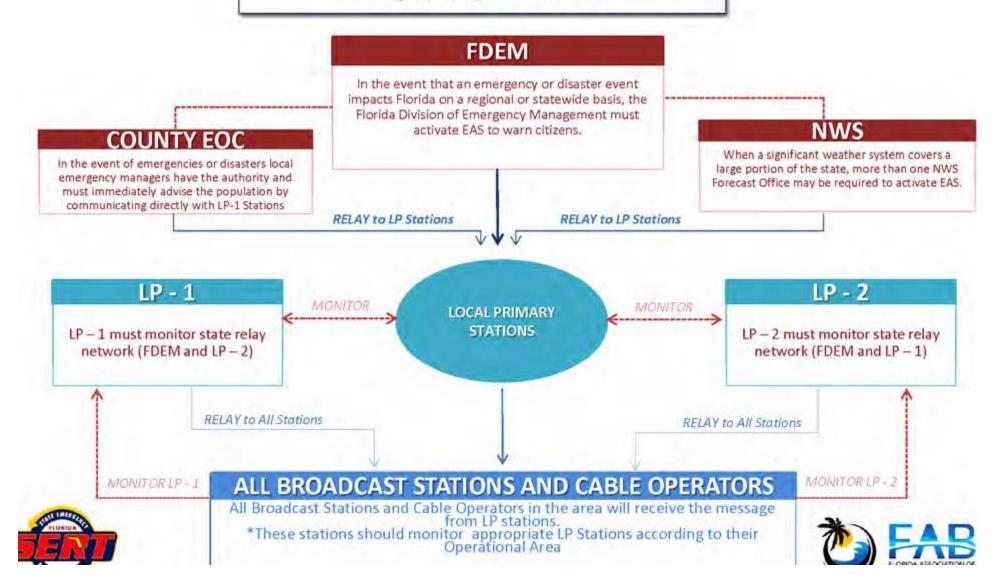
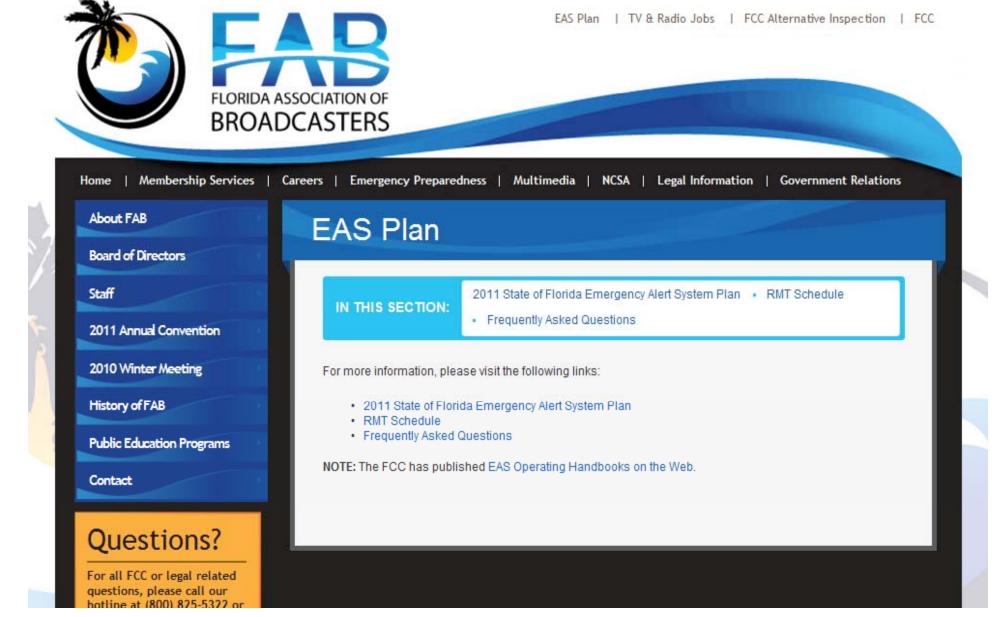
## STATE EAS PLAN

#### **EAS ACTIVATION**

EAS activation is initiated by the Florida Division of Emergency Management (The Governor is authorized to activate EAS via FDEM), or the National Weather Service, or the County Emergency Management Coordinator



## http://www.fab.org/EASPlan.html





# Get Alerts, Stay Alive

Integrated Public Alert and Warning System (IPAWS)



#### **IPAWS Vision**

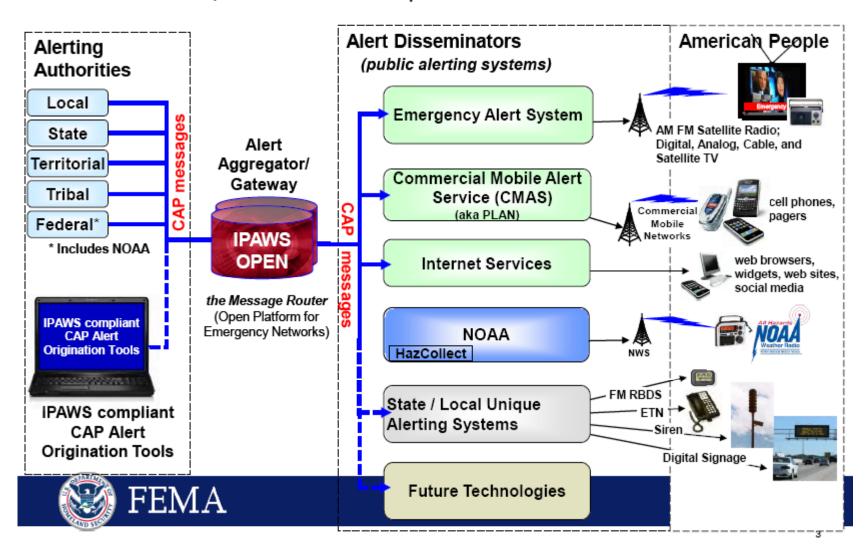
#### "Timely Alert And Warning To American Citizens In The Preservation of Life And Property"



- increases reliability that affected citizens receive an alert via at least one path
- increases likelihood that citizens react to emergency alerts

#### IPAWS Architecture

Standards based alert message protocols, authenticated alert message senders, shared, trusted access & distribution networks, alerts delivered to more public interface devices



#### The Evolution of Emergency Alerting













#### **1951 - 1963** CONELRAD

1963 - 1997 **EBS** 

1997 - 2006 **EAS** 

2006 **IPAWS** 

Originally called the "Key Station System," the CONtrol of **EL**ectromagnetic RADiation (CONELRAD) was established in August 1951

Participating stations tuned to 640 & 1240 kHz AM and initiated a special sequence and procedure designed to warn citizens.

EBS was initiated to address the nation through audible alerts. It did not allow for targeted messaging.

System upgraded in 1976 to provide for better and more accurate handling of alert receptions.

Originally designed to provide the President with an expeditious method of communicating with the American Public, it was expanded for use during peacetime at state and local levels.

EAS jointly coordinated by the FCC, FEMA and NWS.

Designed for President to speak to American people within 10 minutes.

EAS messages composed of 4 parts:

- Digitally encoded header
- Attention Signal
- Audio Announcement
- Digitally encoded endof-message marker

Provided for better integration with NOAA weather and local alert distribution to broadcasters

IPAWS modernizes and integrates the nation's alert and warning infrastructure.

Integrates new and existing public alert and warning systems and technologies thru adoption of new alert information exchange format - the Common Alerting Protocol or CAP

Provides authorities a broader range of message options and multiple communications pathways



Commercial Mobile Alert System (CMAS)



# Commercial Mobile Alert System (CMAS): Benefits and Capabilities

- IPAWS is the only way emergency managers can access the Commercial Mobile Alert System (CMAS)
- Provides for authorized public safety officials to send <u>90 character</u>, <u>geographically</u> <u>targeted</u>, <u>emergency alerts</u> to cellular phones in a danger zone
- Uses <u>"cell broadcast"</u> technology to avoid network congestion
- Cellular carrier participation voluntary
  - 142 carriers have opted-in to participate
- Citizens may opt-out of receiving alerts
- Public-Private Partnership with cellular carriers (defined by FCC rules)

- CMAS capability is free to alerters and alertees – no usage or text message charges
- Significantly Different from SMS/email based alerting systems
  - Not subscription based -- true location based alerting
  - Sends alerts to phones in an area not to a database of phone numbers
  - For "Alerts" only.... not for notification type messages
  - Only for emergencies categorized as:
    - Imminent Threat (Severity, Urgency, Certainty)
    - AMBER / Child Abduction
       Emergency
    - Presidential (\*\*\* Cannot Opt-Out \*\*\*)



# **CMAS ROLLOUT**

- 4 National Cell phone carriers have agreed to carry CMAS
  - Sprint
  - Verizon
  - AT&T
  - T-Mobile
- In Florida, all CMAS targeted alerts will be sent through EMnet.
  - State and County
- EMnet connects through the IPAWS Aggregator



### For more information

▶ IPAWS@dhs.gov

IPAWS Website:
<a href="http://www.fema.gov/emergency/ipaws/">http://www.fema.gov/emergency/ipaws/</a>

► EMI Independent Study Course IS-247: http://training.fema.gov/EMIWeb/IS/is247.asp

Mailing list for IPAWS Webinar notices: <a href="http://service.govdelivery.com/service/subscribe.html?code">http://service.govdelivery.com/service/subscribe.html?code</a> =USDHSFEMA 165