

## **EXHIBIT H-1 CONSULTANT SUMMARY – 4/23/13**

In March, 2013, the Archaeological and Historical Conservancy, Inc. (AHC) conducted a reconnaissance cultural resource assessment for the Olde Florida Golf Club, Inc., located in Collier County. The parcel is located in Township 48S, Range 27E, Sections 31 (Figure 1). The parcel was surveyed to locate and assess any sites of archaeological and/or historical significance.

This assessment was conducted to fulfill historic resource requirements in response to the State of Florida historic preservation guidelines. The work and the report conform to the specifications set forth in Chapter IA-46, Florida Administrative Code.

The 553.7 acre parcel encompasses a golf course and undeveloped woodlands. The natural areas are characterized with a mosaic of pinewoods and remnant cypress. Exotic trees have been increasing in population in recent years as well as expanding communities of cabbage palms as a result of drier conditions.

A site search with the Florida Division of Historic Resources determined that no previously recorded archaeological sites occur in the subject parcel.

This reconnaissance cultural resource assessment indicated that the parcel has an overall low to medium probability for cultural resources based on a review of vintage and modern aerial photographic imagery and an extensive field reconnaissance of the parcel.

The cultural resource assessment included a vehicular and pedestrian survey as well as judgmental shovel testing. A total of 49 shovel tests were excavated in low to medium probability areas for archaeological sites. All other project areas were either heavily disturbed or were considered to have a low probability for archaeological resources.

One archaeological site was recorded as a result of this assessment. The site is characterized by two non-local chert flakes found on the disturbed surface. These flakes are consistent with the Archaic Period (ca. 7000 to 3000 BP), and likely represents a small prehistoric camp. The paucity of the material and the disturbances associated with the site indicate that, based on available data, the site is not eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

It is recommended that an archaeologist conduct intermittent monitoring of ground-disturbing activities during development. If any archaeological materials or features are encountered they should be fully documented.