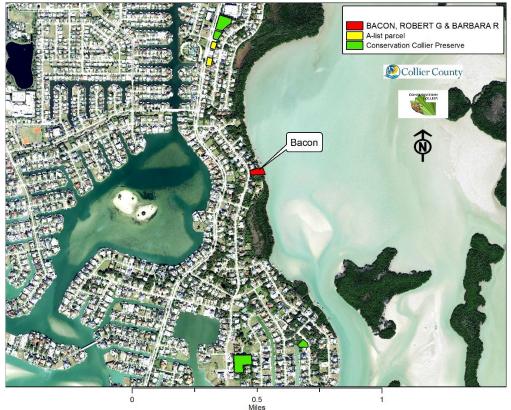
Conservation Collier Initial Criteria Screening Report Bacon Parcel



Owner Name: Robert G. and Barbara R. Bacon Folio Number: 57801240009 Staff Report Date: September 11, 2024

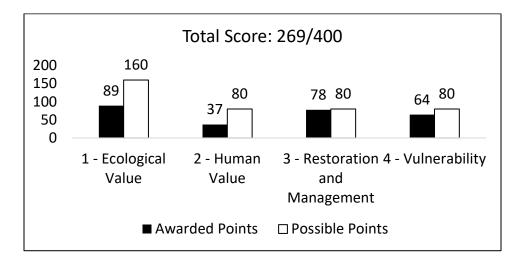


Table of Contents

Ta	ble of Contents	2
1.	Introduction	4
2.	Summary of Property	5
	Figure 1 - Parcel Location Overview	5
	Figure 2 - Parcel Close-up	6
	2.1 Summary of Property Information	7
	Table 1 – Summary of Property Information	7
	Figure 3 - Secondary Criteria Score	8
	Table 2 - Secondary Criteria Score Summary	8
	2.2 Summary of Assessed Value and Property Cost Estimates	9
	Table 3. Assessed & Estimated Value	9
	2.2.1 Zoning, Growth Management and Conservation Overlays	9
	2.3 Initial Screening Criteria Satisfaction (Ord. 2002-63, as amended, Sec. 12)	10
3.	Initial Screening Criteria	12
	3.1 Ecological Values	12
	3.1.1 Vegetative Communities	12
	Table 4. Listed Plant Species	12
	Figure 4 - CLIP4 Priority Natural Communities	13
	Figure 5 - Florida Cooperative Land Cover Classification System	14
	Figure 6 – Maritime hammock	15
	Figure 7 – Maritime hammock and mangrove transition zone	15
	3.1.2 Wildlife Communities	16
	Table 5 – Listed Wildlife Detected	16
	Figure 8 – Active gopher tortoise burrow on western side of property	16
	Figure 9 - Wildlife Spatial Data (i.e., telemetry, roosts, etc)	17
	Figure 10 - CLIP4 Potential Habitat Richness	18
	3.1.3 Water Resources	19
	Figure 11 - CLIP Aquifer Recharge Priority and Wellfield Protection Zones	20
	Figure 12 - Collier County Soil Survey	21
	Figure 13 LIDAR Elevation Map	22
	3.1.4 Ecosystem Connectivity	23
	Figure 14 - Conservation Lands	23

3.2 Human Values	
3.2.1 Recreation	24
3.2.2 Accessibility	24
3.2.3 Aesthetic/Cultural Enhancement	24
Figure 15 - Cultural/ Aesthetic Attribute Photo 1	
3.3 Restoration and Management	25
3.3.1 Vegetation Management	25
3.3.1.1 Invasive Vegetation	25
3.3.1.2 Prescribed Fire	25
3.3.2 Remediation and Site Security	25
3.3.3 Assistance	25
3.4 Vulnerability	25
3.4.1 Zoning and Land Use	25
Figure 16 – Zoning	
Figure 17 –Future Land Use	
3.4.2 Development Plans	27
4. Acquisition Considerations	27
5. Management Needs and Costs	27
Table 6 - Estimated Costs of Site Remediation, Improvements, and Management	27
6. Potential for Matching Funds	27
7. Secondary Criteria Scoring Form	29
8. Additional Site Photos	35
APPENDIX 1 – Critical Lands and Water Identification Maps (CLIP) Definitions	37

1. Introduction

The Conservation Collier Program (Program) is an environmentally sensitive land acquisition and management program approved by the Collier County Board of County Commissioners (Board) in 2002 and by Collier County Voters in 2002 and 2006. The Program was active in acquisition between 2003 and 2011, under the terms of the referendum. Between 2011 and 2016, the Program was in management mode. In 2017, the Collier County Board reauthorized Conservation Collier to seek additional lands (2/14/17, Agenda Item 11B). On November 3, 2020, the Collier County electors approved the Conservation Collier Re-establishment referendum with a 76.5% majority.

This Initial Criteria Screening Report (ICSR) has been prepared for the Conservation Collier Program to meet requirements specified in the Conservation Collier Implementation Ordinance, 2002-63, as amended, and for purposes of the Conservation Collier Program. The sole purpose of this report is to provide objective data to demonstrate how properties meet the criteria defined by the ordinance.

The following sections characterize the property location and assessed value, elaborate on the initial and secondary screening criteria scoring, and describe potential funding sources, appropriate use, site improvements, and estimated management costs.

2. Summary of Property

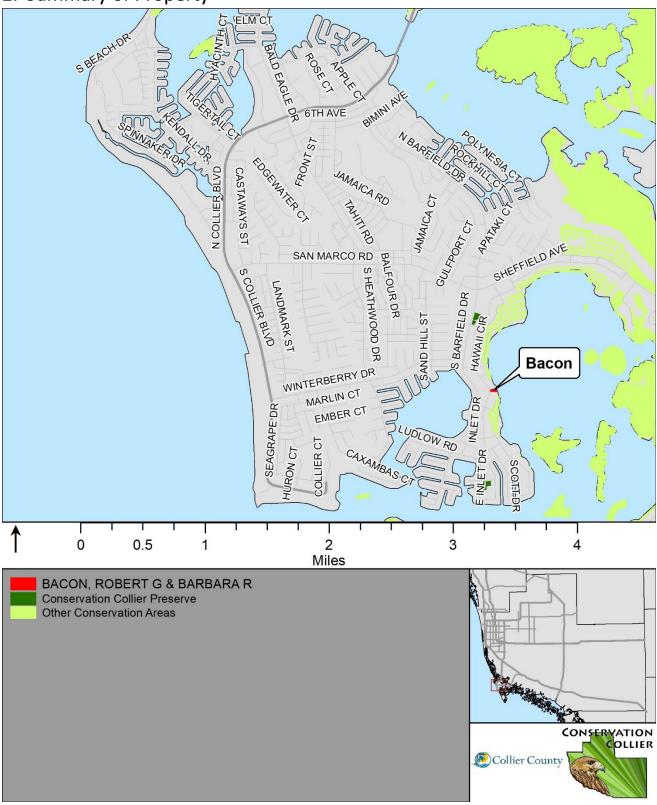


Figure 1 - Parcel Location Overview

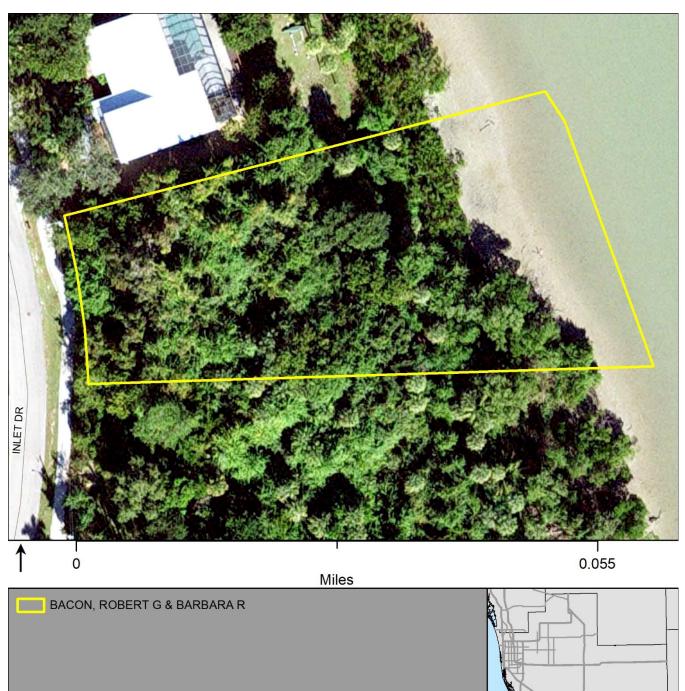


Figure 2 - Parcel Close-up

Collier County

2.1 Summary of Property Information

Table 1 – Summary of Property Information

Characteristic	Value	Comments
Name	Bacon	Robert G. and Barbara R. Bacon
Folio Number	57801240009	Address: 611 Inlet Drive, Marco Island
Target Protection Area	Urban	Not within a Target Protection Mailing Area
Size	0.86 acres	
Section, Township, and Range	S16, Twn 52, R26	
Zoning Category/TDRs	RSF-3, Residential Single Family; ST overlay	RSF-3 maximum density is 3 units per gross acre; the eastern third of the parcel is within a Special Treatment Area
FEMA Flood Map Category	X, X-500, and VE	The western half of the parcel is in Flood zone X, low flood risk; the middle, steep slope portion of the marcel is in Flood zone X-500, also low flood risk; the eastern half of the parcel is in Flood zone VE, which is in coastal areas with a 1% or greater chance of flooding and an additional hazard associated with storm waves. These areas have a 26% chance of flooding over the life of a 30-year mortgage.
Existing structures	None	
Adjoining properties and their Uses	Residential, Undeveloped, Roadway, Water	Single family residence to the north, undeveloped parcel to the south, roadway (Inlet Dr.) to the west, Barfield Bay to the east
Development Plans Submitted	None	
Known Property Irregularities	None known	Very steep decline and starting at middle of property moving east to the bay
Other County Dept Interest	None	Parcel is within unincorporated Collier

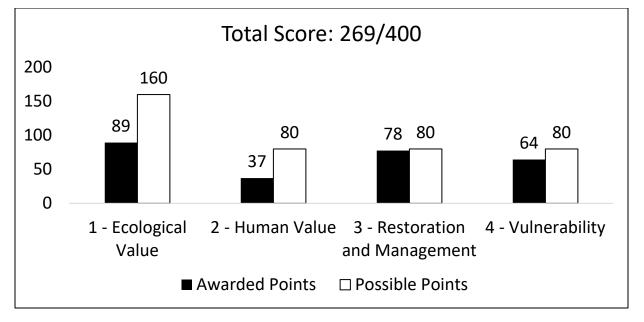


Figure 3 - Secondary Criteria Score

Criteria	Awarded Weighted Points	Possible Weighted Points	Awarded/Possible Points
1 - Ecological Value	89	160	56%
1.1 - Vegetative Communities	45	53	85%
1.2 - Wildlife Communities	21	27	80%
1.3 - Water Resources	16	27	60%
1.4 - Ecosystem Connectivity	7	53	13%
2 - Human Values	37	80	46%
2.1 - Recreation	6	34	17%
2.2 - Accessibility	26	34	75%
2.3 - Aesthetics/Cultural Enhancement	6	11	50%
3 - Restoration and Management	78	80	97%
3.1 - Vegetation Management	55	55	100%
3.2 - Remediation and Site Security	23	23	100%
3.3 - Assistance	0	2	0%
4 - Vulnerability	64	80	81%
4.1 - Zoning and Land Use	58	58	100%
4.2 - Development Plans	7	22	30%
Total	269	400	67%

2.2 Summary of Assessed Value and Property Cost Estimates

The interest being appraised is fee simple "as is" for the purchase of the site. A value of the parcel was estimated using only one of the three traditional approaches to value, the sales comparison approach. It is based on the principal of substitution that an informed purchaser would pay no more for the rights in acquiring a particular real property than the cost of acquiring, without undue delay, an equally desirable one. Three properties were selected for comparison, each with similar site characteristics, utility availability, zoning classification and road access. No inspection was made of the property or comparables used in this report and the Real Estate Services Department staff relied upon information solely provided by program staff. The valuation conclusion is limited only by the reported assumptions and conditions that no other known or unknown adverse conditions exist.

If the Board of County Commissioners choose to acquire the property, appraisals by two independent Real Estate Appraisers will be obtained at that time. Pursuant to the Conservation Collier Purchase Policy, two appraisals are required for the Bacon parcel, which has an initial valuation over \$500,000; the average of the two appraisal reports will determine the actual value of the subject property.

Table 2	Accorred	0	Estimated	Value
TUDIE 5.	ASSESSEU	α	Estimateu	vuiue

Property owner	Address	Acreage	Assessed Value*	Estimated Value**
Robert G. and Barbara R. Bacon	611 Inlet Dr.	0.86	\$ 2,297,272	\$

* Assessed Value is obtained from the Property Appraiser's Website. The Assessed Value is based off the current use of the property.

**The Estimated Market Value for the Bacon parcel will be obtained from the Collier County Real Estate Services Department prior to presentation to the Board of County Commissioners.

2.2.1 Zoning, Growth Management and Conservation Overlays

Zoning, growth management and conservation overlays will affect the value of a parcel. The parcel is zoned Residential Single-Family-3. The maximum building density is 3 units per gross acre. The eastern third of the parcel is within a Special Treatment Area.

2.3 Initial Screening Criteria Satisfaction (Ord. 2002-63, as amended, Sec. 12)

Criteria 1: CLIP Priority 1 Natural Community

Does the property contain Upland Hardwood Forest, Scrub, Coastal Upland, Dry Prairie, or Upland Pine? **YES**

It contains Maritime Hammock.

Criteria 2: CLIP Priority 2 Natural Community

Does the property contain Pine Flatwoods or Coastal Wetlands? N/A

Parcel does contains Mangrove Swamp, but already contains Maritime Hammock.

Criteria 3: Other Native, Natural Communities

Does the property contain other native, natural communities? NO

The parcel does not contain any Other Native, Natural Communities.

Criteria 4: Human Social Values

Does the property offer cultural values, appropriate access for natural resource-based recreation, and the enhancement of the aesthetic setting of Collier County? **YES**

This parcel is in the Urban Target Protection Area on Marco Island and has access from a public road. The parcel provides wildlife viewing and greenspace in a developed area. The parcel is too small to accommodate extensive trails but can be enjoyed from the sidewalk/road.

Criteria 5: Water Resources

Does the property offer opportunities for protection of water resource values, including aquifer recharge, water quality enhancement, protection of wetland dependent species habitat, wildfire risk reduction, storm surge protection, and flood control? **YES**

The eastern side of the parcel is within an Outstanding Florida Water, holds water tidally, and provides protection from storm surge.

Criteria 6: Biological and Ecological Value

Does the property offer significant biological values, including biodiversity and listed species habitat? **YES**

The parcel contains active gopher tortoise burrows and habitat for migratory birds and listed wading birds.

Criteria 7: Enhancement of Current Conservation Lands

Does the property enhance and/or protect the environmental value of current conservation lands through function as a buffer, ecological link, or habitat corridor? **NO**

Criteria 8: Target Area

Is the property within a Board-approved target protection mailing area? NO

The B & G Landholdings parcels met 4 out of the 8 Initial Screening Criteria.

3. Initial Screening Criteria

3.1 Ecological Values

3.1.1 Vegetative Communities

The parcel consists primarily of maritime hammock, with mangrove swamp on the eastern edge. Maritime hammock is a predominantly evergreen hardwood forest growing on stabilized coastal dunes. Some of the components of this category that were observed on the parcel include: gumbo limbo (*Bursera simaruba*), seagrape (*Coccoloba uvifera*), wild coffee (*Psychotria nervosa*), cocoplum (*Chrysobalanus icaco*), marlberry (*Ardisia escallonioides*), snowberry (*Chiococca alba*), hoopvine (*Trichostigma octandrum*), Jamaican dogwood (*Piscidia piscipula*), satinleaf (*Chrysophyllum oliviforme*), oak (*Quercus* sp.), strangler fig (*Ficus aurea*), white indigoberry (*Randia aculeata*), varnish leaf (*Dodonaea viscosa*), white stopper (*Eugenia axillaris*), and coralbean (*Erythrina herbacea*). The mangrove swamp along the eastern, bay side of the parcel consists primarily of white mangrove with shoreline seapurslane (*Sesuvium portulacastrum*) and sandbur (*Cenchrus* sp.) in the groundcover.

Very little invasive, exotic vegetation exists within the parcel. One Brazilian pepper exists along the western edge, and a few carrotwood saplings and rosary pea plants were noted.

Table 4. Listed Plant Species

Common Name	Scientific Name	State Status	Federal Status
Satinleaf	Chrysophyllum oliviforme	State Threatened	n/a
Hoopvine	Trichostigma octandrum	State Endangered	n/a

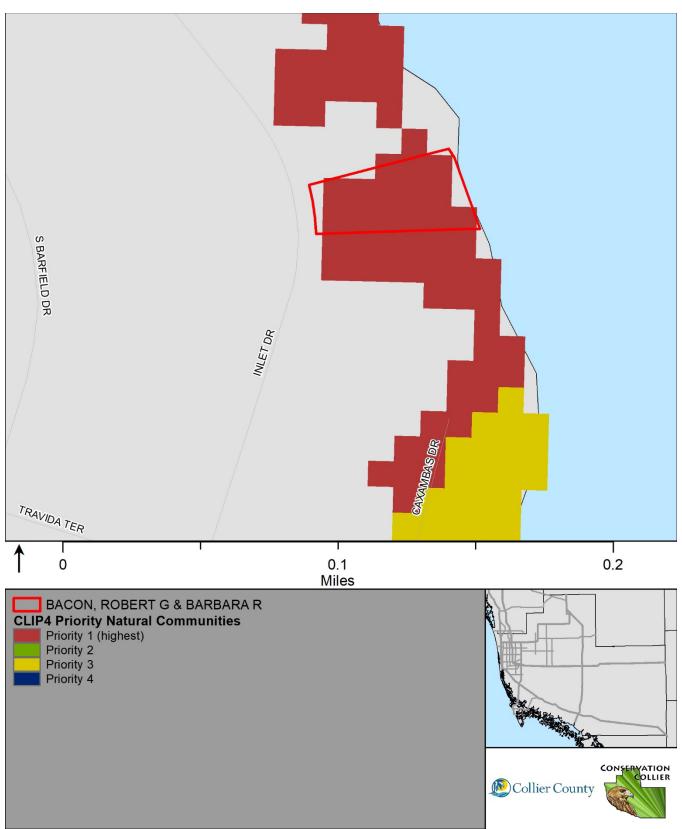


Figure 4 - CLIP4 Priority Natural Communities

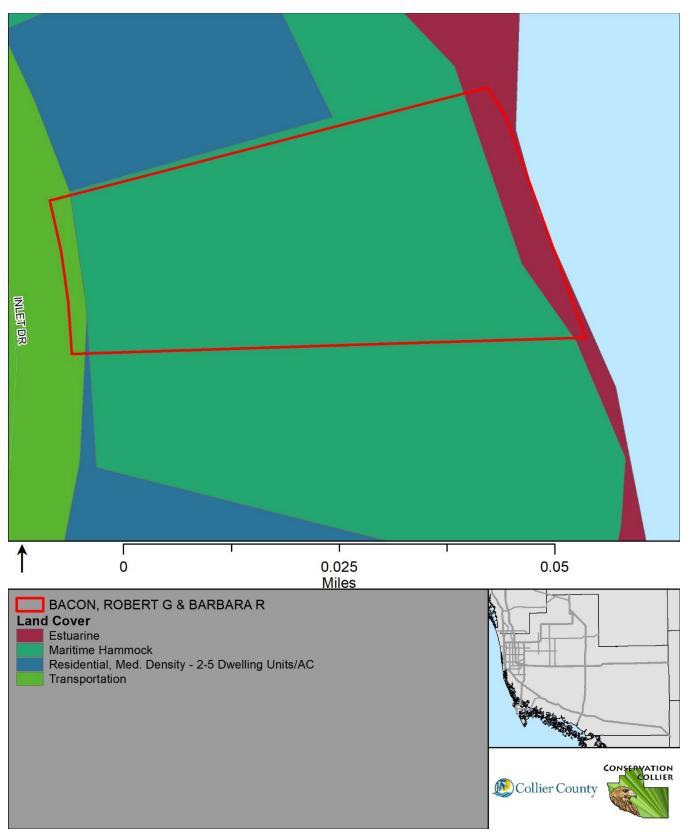


Figure 5 - Florida Cooperative Land Cover Classification System



Figure 6 – Maritime hammock



Figure 7 – Maritime hammock and mangrove transition zone

3.1.2 Wildlife Communities

Active gopher tortoise burrows were observed on the parcel itself. Ten potentially occupied burrows were identified on the parcel during a November 2021 burrow survey conducted by Audubon Western Everglades. Potentially occupied burrows were also observed on the adjacent parcel to the south. The maritime hammock community within the Bacon parcel provides habitat for migratory bird species. Fiddler crabs were observed within the mangroves.

Table 5 – Listed Wildlife Detected

Common Name	Scientific Name	State Status	Federal Status	Mode of Detection
Gopher tortoise	Gopherus	Threatened n/A	n/A	Active burrow observed
Gopher tortoise	polyphemus		II/A	during site visit



Figure 8 – Active gopher tortoise burrow on western side of property

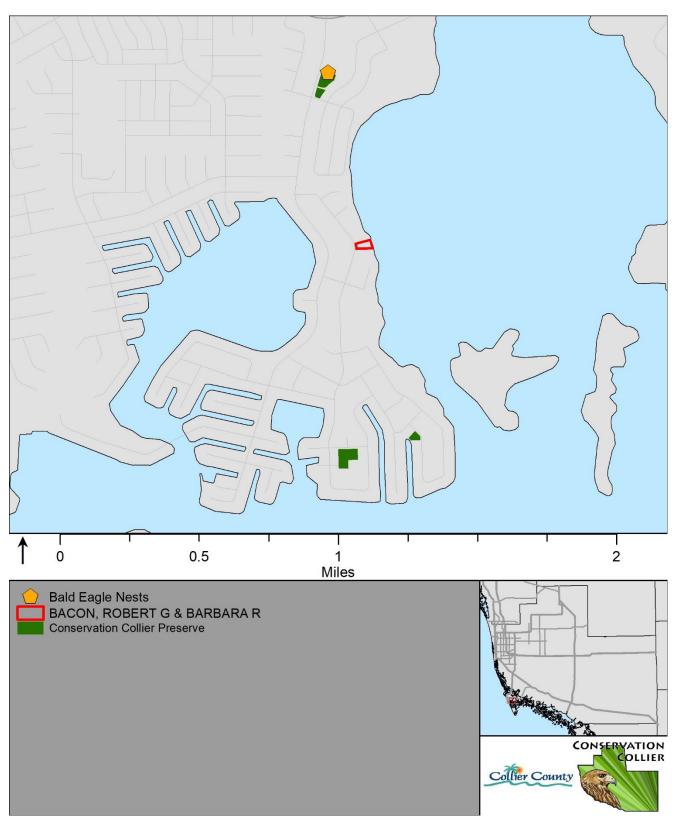


Figure 9 - Wildlife Spatial Data (i.e., telemetry, roosts, etc)

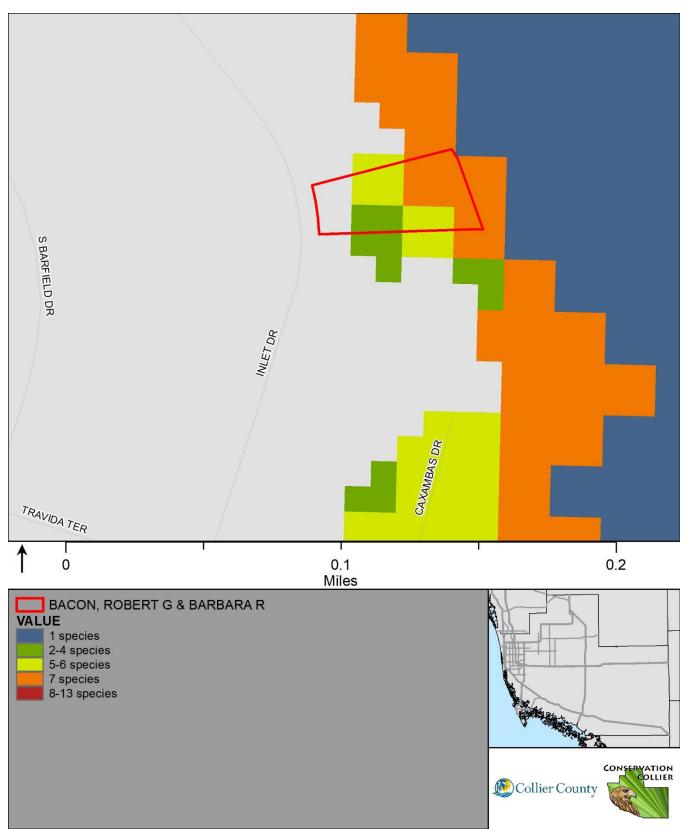


Figure 10 - CLIP4 Potential Habitat Richness

3.1.3 Water Resources

The parcel does protect water resources. Although it adds very minimally to the surficial aquifer, it does contain wetland soils, is tidally inundated on the eastern edge, and protects against storm surge.

Soils data is based on the Soil Survey of Collier County Area, Florida (USDA/NRCS, 1990). Mapped soils on this parcel indicate the site consists primarily of Durbin and Wulfert mucks, frequently flooded - level, very poorly drained soils found in tidal mangrove swamps; however, after field inspection, staff estimates that the western half of the parcel contains paola fine sand, 1 to 8 pct slopes – an excessively drained soil found on coastal dunes on Marco Island.

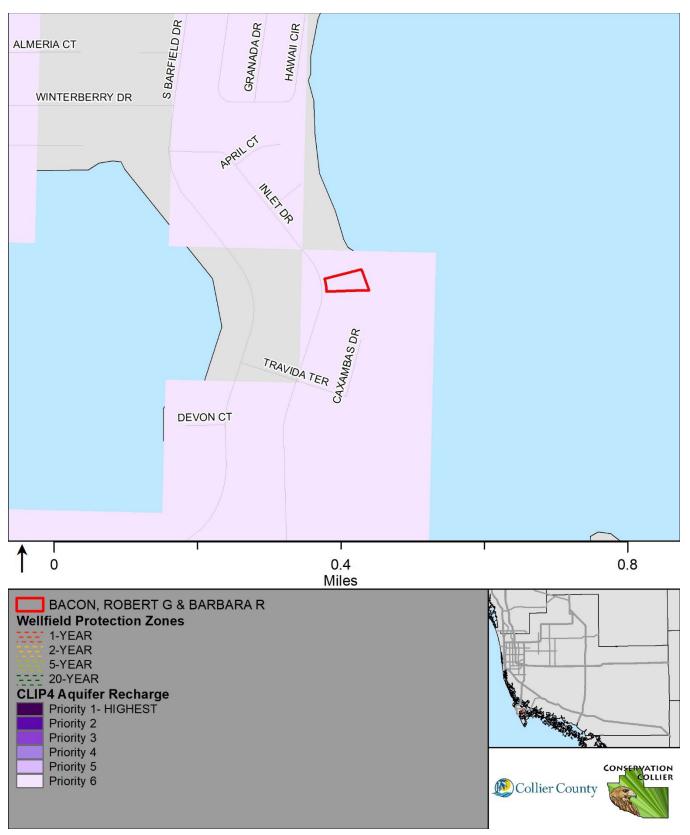


Figure 11 - CLIP Aquifer Recharge Priority and Wellfield Protection Zones

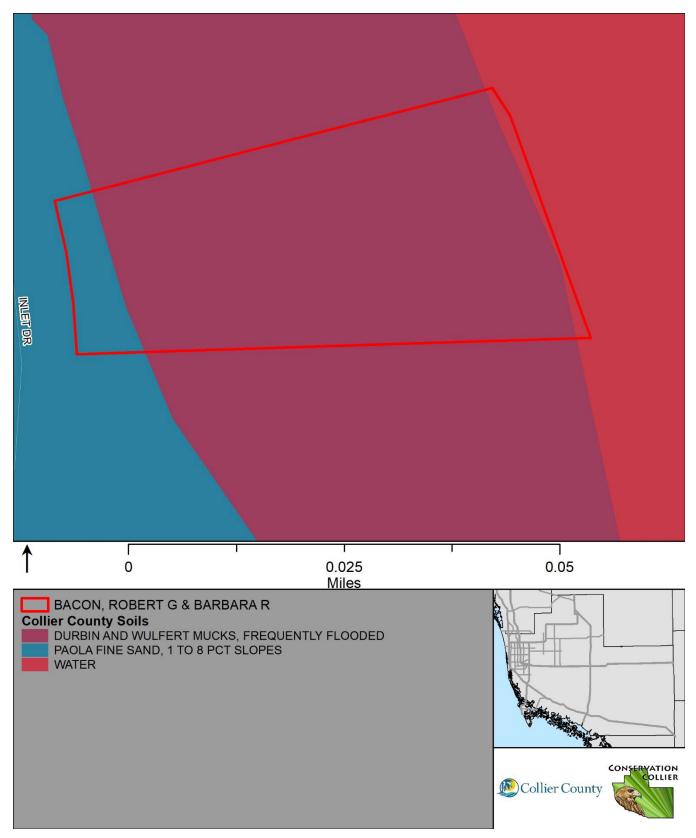


Figure 12 - Collier County Soil Survey

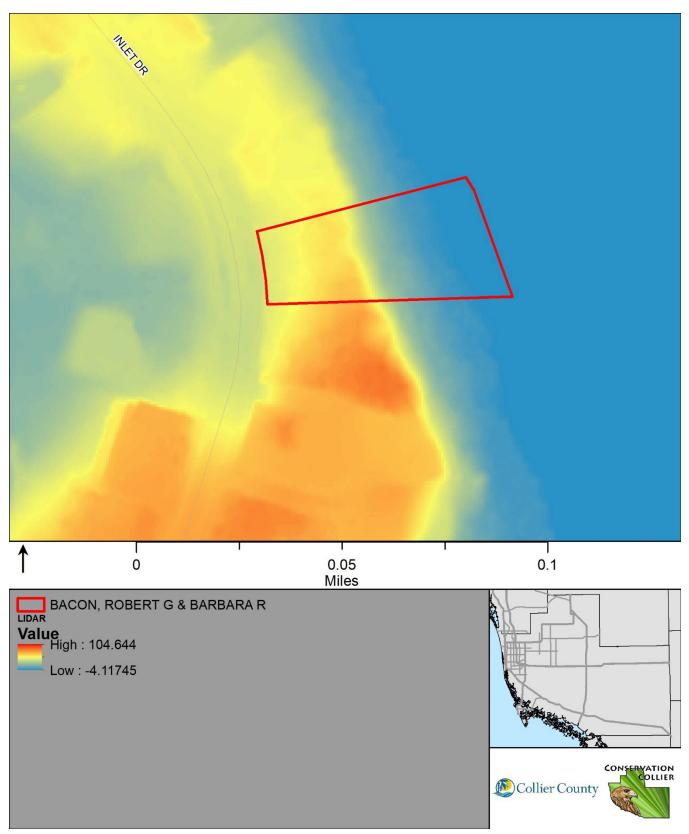


Figure 13 LIDAR Elevation Map

3.1.4 Ecosystem Connectivity

This parcel does not provide direct connectivity to other conservation lands; however, there are undeveloped lands between this parcel and the Rookery Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve approximately 200 feet to the south. The parcel is within an urban, residential area with a road (Inlet Dr.) adjacent to the west, single family residences to the north, an undeveloped parcel to the south, and Barfield Bay to the east.



Figure 14 - Conservation Lands

3.2 Human Values

3.2.1 Recreation

This parcel is bordered by a road along its entire western edge. Birdwatching and photography would be encouraged from the road right of way. Providing access to the parcel with a short trail would not be recommended due to the small size of the parcel and the sensitivity and density of the vegetation.

3.2.2 Accessibility

The parcel would be visible from a public road. No pedestrian or vehicular access onto the parcel would be recommended. The parcel is within walking/biking distance of many residences and commercial parking lots. Creating parking within the parcel would also not be recommended because of its small size, native vegetation, and wildlife utilization. If this parcel is acquired along with other parcels in the area, Conservation Collier will coordinate with the City of Marco Island regarding parking. Depending on location, the City of Marco Island has offered to assist in providing off-street parking on pervious material and the installation of signage consistent with the City's Land Development Codes.

3.2.3 Aesthetic/Cultural Enhancement

This parcel is in the Urban Target Protection Area on Marco Island and has access from a public road. The parcel provides wildlife viewing and greenspace in a neighborhood where nearly every lot is developed. The parcel is too small to accommodate trails but can be enjoyed from the side of the road. Per the Florida Master Site File, there are no known archaeological sites within 1,000 feet of the parcel.



Figure 15 - Cultural/ Aesthetic Attribute Photo 1

3.3 Restoration and Management

3.3.1 Vegetation Management

3.3.1.1 Invasive Vegetation

Very little invasive, exotic vegetation exists within the parcel. One medium sized Brazilian pepper is growing on the western boundary and several small carrotwoods were observed along the western boundary. The invasive, exotic serpent fern (*Microsorum grossum*) was observed growing along the northern boundary, but the interior of the property contained no non-native vegetation.

3.3.1.2 Prescribed Fire

The parcel contains maritime hammock and mangrove, which are not fire dependent communities.

3.3.2 Remediation and Site Security

No site security issues appear to exist within the parcel. Educational signage regarding the importance of the parcel for native wildlife could be installed to discourage trespass and littering.

3.3.3 Assistance

No assistance is anticipated.

3.4 Vulnerability

3.4.1 Zoning and Land Use

The parcel is zoned RSF-3, Residential Single Family. The eastern third of the parcel is within a Special Treatment Area. Residential Single Family Districts are intended to be single-family residential areas of low density. Permitted uses include single-family dwellings, family care facilities (subject to the Land Development Code), and public parks and open space. The Future Land Use of the parcel is Low Density Residential – 0-4 units per acre. The lot is vulnerable to development for a home.

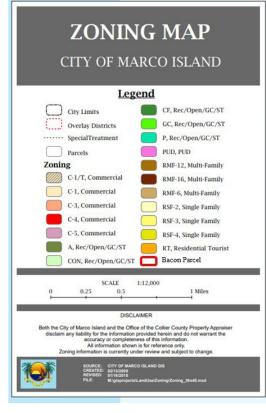




Figure 16 – Zoning





Figure 17 – Future Land Use

3.4.2 Development Plans

The parcel is not currently planned for development; however, its location near developed residential lots along a roadway makes it vulnerable to development. Although the gopher tortoises present on the parcel would make development cost prohibitive, development is still possible.

4. Acquisition Considerations

Staff would like to bring the following items to the attention of the Advisory Committee during the review of this property. The following does not affect the scoring.

The owners of this property live in a home on the adjacent parcel to the north. An LLC that was managed by one of the owners of this property sold the vacant, 1.15-acre adjacent property to the south in March 2021 for \$775,000.

5. Management Needs and Costs

Management Element	Initial Cost	Annual Recurring Cost	Comments
Invasive Vegetation Removal	\$1,000	N/A	Invasive vegetation is minimal; maintenance could be completed in-house once initial is completed
Signage	\$5,000	\$100	Educational signage and signage denoting the property as Conservation Collier preserve
TOTAL	\$6,000	\$100	

Table 6 - Estimated Costs of Site Remediation, Improvements, and Management

6. Potential for Matching Funds

The primary partnering agencies for conservation acquisitions, and those identified in the ordinance are the Florida Communities Trust (FCT) and The Florida Forever Program. The following highlights potential for partnering funds, as communicated by agency staff.

Florida Communities Trust - Parks and Open Space Florida Forever grant program: The FCT Parks and Open Space Florida Forever grant program provides grant funds to local governments and nonprofit organizations to acquire conservation lands, urban open spaces, parks and greenways. Application for this program is typically made for pre-acquired sites up to two years from the time of acquisition. The Parks and Open Space Florida Forever grant program assists the Department of Environmental Protection in helping communities meet the challenges of growth, supporting viable community development and protecting natural resources and open space. The program receives 21 percent Florida Forever appropriation.

Florida Forever Program: Staff has been advised that the Florida Forever Program is concentrating on funding parcels already included on its ranked priority list. This parcel is not inside a Florida Forever priority project boundary. Additionally, the Conservation Collier Program has not been successful in

partnering with the Florida Forever Program due to conflicting acquisition policies and issues regarding joint title between the programs.

Additional Funding Sources: There are no additional funding sources known at this time.

7. Secondary Criteria Scoring Form

Property Name: Bacon			
Target Protection Mailing Area: N/A			
Folio(s): 57802400000			
Secondary Criteria Scoring	Possible	Awarded	Percentage
Secondary Criteria Scoring		Points	reiteittäge
1 - Ecological Value	160	89	56
2 - Human Value	80	37	46
3 - Restoration and Management	80	78	97
4 - Vulnerability	80	64	81
TOTAL SCORE	400	269	67

1 - ECOLOGICAL VALUES (40% of total)	Possible Points	Awarded Points	Comments
1.1 VEGETATIVE COMMUNITIES	200	170	
1.1.1 - Priority natural communities (Select highest score)			
a. Parcel contains CLIP4 Priority 1 communities (1130 - Rockland Hammock, 1210 - Scrub, 1213 - Sand Pine Scrub, 1214 - Coastal Scrub, 1312 - Scrubby Flatwoods, 1610 - Beach Dune, 1620 - Coastal Berm, 1630 - Coastal Grasslands, 1640 - Coastal Strand, or 1650 - Maritime Hammock)	100	100	Maritime Hammock
b. Parcel contains CLIP4 Priority 2 communities (22211 - Hydric Pine Flatwoods, 2221 - Wet Flatwoods, or 1311 - Mesic Flatwoods)	60		
c. Parcel contains CLIP4 Priority 3 communities (5250 - Mangrove Swamp, or 5240 - Salt Marsh)	50		
d. Parcel contains CLIP4 Priority 4 communities (5250 - Mangrove Swamp)	25		
1.1.2 - Plant community diversity (Select the highest score)			
a. Parcel has ≥ 3 CLC native plant communities (Florida Cooperative Land Cover Classification System native plant communities)	20		
b. Parcel has ≤ 2 CLC native plant communities	10	10	Maritime Hammock; Mangrove
c. Parcel has 0 CLC native plant communities	0		
1.1.3 - Listed plant species (excluding commercially exploited species) (Select the highest score)			
a. Parcel has ≥5 CLC listed plant species	30		
b. Parcel has 3-4 CLC listed plant species	20		
c. Parcel has ≤ 2 CLC listed plant species	10	10	Satinleaf; hoopvine
d. Parcel has 0 CLC listed plant species	0		
1.1.4 - Invasive Plant Infestation (Select highest score)			

			1 Brazilian
a. 0 - 10% infestation	50	50	pepper; a few
			carrotwood;
b. 10 - 25% infestation	40		
c. 25 - 50% infestation	30		
d. 50 - 75% infestation	20		
e. ≥75% infestation	10		
1.2 - WILDLIFE COMMUNITIES	100	80	
1.2.1 - Listed wildlife species (Select the highest score)			
a. Listed wildlife species documented on the parcel	80	80	gopher tortoise
b. Listed wildlife species documented on adjacent property	60		
c CLIP Potential Habitat Richness ≥5 species	40		
d. No listed wildlife documented near parcel	0		
1.2.2 - Significant wildlife habitat (Rookeries, roosts, denning sites,			
nesting grounds, high population densities, etc) (Select highest			
score)			
a. Parcel protects significant wildlife habitat (Please describe)	20		
b. Parcel enhances adjacent to significant wildlife habitat (Please	10		
describe)	10		
c. Parcel does not enhance significant wildlife habitat	0	0	Very small
1.3 - WATER RESOURCES	100	60	
1.3.1 - Aquifer recharge (Select the highest score)			
a. Parcel is located within a wellfield protection zone or within a			
CLIP4 Aquifer Recharge Priority 1 area	40		
b. Parcel is located within a CLIP4 Aquifer Recharge Priority 2 or 3			
area	30		
c. Parcel is located within a CLIP4 Aquifer Recharge Priority 4 or 5	20		
area	20		
d. Parcel is located within a CLIP4 Aquifer Recharge Priority 6 area	0	0	
1.3.2 - Surface Water Protection (Select the highest score)			
a. Parcel is contiguous with and provides buffering for an Outstanding Florida Waterbody	30	30	
	50	50	
b. Parcel is contiguous with and provides buffering for a creek, river, lake, canal or other surface water body	20		
c. Parcel is contiguous with and provides buffering for an identified	20		
flowway	15		
d. Wetlands exist on site	10		
e. Parcel does not provide opportunities for surface water quality	10		
enhancement	0		
1.3.3 - Floodplain Management (Select all that apply)			
a. Parcel has depressional or slough soils	10	10	
b. Parcel has known history of flooding and is likely to provide			
onsite water attenuation	10	10	
c. Parcel provides storm surge buffering	10	10	

d. Parcel does not provide floodplain management benefits	0	0	
	Ű		
1.4 - ECOSYSTEM CONNECTIVITY	200	25	
1.4.1 - Acreage (Select Highest Score)			
a. Parcel is ≥ 300 acres	150		
b. Parcel is ≥ 100 acres	100		
b. Parcel is ≥ 50 acres	75		
c. Parcel is ≥ 25 acres	25		
d. Parcel is ≥ 10 acres	15		
e. Parcel is < 10 acres	0	0	
1.4.2 - Connectivity (Select highest score)			
a. Parcel is immediately contiguous with conservation lands	50		
b. Parcel is not immediately contiguous, but parcels between it and			
nearby conservation lands are undeveloped	25	25	
c. Parcel is isolated from conservation land	0	0	
ECOLOGICAL VALUES TOTAL POINTS	600	335	
ECOLOGICAL VALUES WEIGHTED SCORE (Awarded Points/Possible			
Points*160)	160	89	

2 - HUMAN VALUES (20%)	Possible Points	Awarded Points	Comments
2.1 - RECREATION	120	20	
2.1.1 - Compatible recreation activities (Select all that apply)			
a. Hunting	20	0	
b. Fishing	20	0	
c. Water-based recreation (paddling, swimming, etc)	20	0	
d. Biking	20	0	
e. Equestrian	20	0	
f. Passive natural-resource based recreation (Hiking, photography, wildlife watching, environmental education, etc)	20	20	
g. Parcel is incompatible with nature-based recreation	0	0	
2.2 - ACCESSIBILITY	120	90	
2.2.1 - Seasonality (Select the highest score)			
a. Parcel accessible for land-based recreation year round	20	20	
b. Parcel accessible for land-based recreation seasonally	10		
c. Parcel is inaccessible for land-based recreation	0		
2.2.2 - Vehicle access (Select the highest score)			
a. Public access via paved road	50	50	
b. Public access via unpaved road	30		
c. Public access via private road	20		
d. No public access	0		
2.2.3 - Parking Availability (Select the highest score)			
a. Minor improvements necessary to provide on-site parking	40		

HUMAN VALUES WEIGHTED SCORE (Awarded Points/Possible Points*80)	80	37	
HUMAN VALUES TOTAL SCORE	280	130	
f. None	0		
e. Other (Please describe)	5		
d. Archaeological/historical structures present	15		
c. Frontage enhances aesthetics of public thoroughfare	10	10	
b. Scenic vistas	5	5	
a. Mature/outstanding native vegetation	5	5	
2.3.1 - Aesthetic/cultural value (Choose all that apply)			
2.3 - AESTHETICS/CULTURAL ENHANCEMENT	40	20	
b. Parcel is not easily accessible to pedestrians	0		
 a. Parcel is easily accessible to pedestrians (within walking distance of housing development) 	10	10	
2.2.4 - Pedestrian access (Select the highest score)			
d. No public parking available	0		
c. Street parking available	10	10	
b. Public parking available nearby or on adjacent preserve	20		
 b. Major improvements necessary to provide on-site parking (Requires site development plan) 	25		

3 - RESTORATION AND MANAGEMENT (20%)	Possible Points	Awarded Points	Comments
3.1 - VEGETATION MANAGEMENT	120	120	
3.1.1 - Invasive plant management needs (Select the highest score)			
a. Minimal invasive/nuisance plant management necessary to restore and maintain native plant communities (<30%)	100	100	
b. Moderate invasive/nuisance plant management necessary to restore and maintain native plant communities (30-65%)	75		
c. Major invasive/nuisance plant management necessary to restore and maintain native plant communities (>65%)	50		
d. Major invasive/nuisance plant management and replanting necessary to restore and maintain native plant communities (>65%)	25		
e. Restoration of native plant community not feasible	0		
3.1.2 - Prescribed fire necessity and compatibility (Select the highest score)			
a. Parcel contains fire dependent plant communities and is compatible with prescribed fire or parcel does not contain fire dependent plant communities	20	20	
b. Parcel contains fire dependent plant communities and is incompatible with prescribed fire	0		
3.2 - REMEDIATION AND SITE SECURITY	50	50	

3.2.1 - Site remediation and human conflict potential (Dumping, contamination, trespassing, vandalism, other) (Select the highest score)			
a. Minimal site remediation or human conflict issues predicted	50	50	Parcel is easily accessible from sidewalk road
b. Moderate site remediation or human conflict issues predicted (Please describe)	20		
c. Major site remediation or human conflict issues predicted (Please describe)	5		
d. Resolving site remediation or human conflict issues not feasible	0		
3.3 - ASSISTANCE	5	0	
3.4.1 - Management assistance by other entity			
a. Management assistance by other entity likely	5		
b. Management assistance by other entity unlikely	0		
RESTORATION AND MANAGEMENT TOTAL SCORE	175	170	
RESTORATION AND MANAGEMENT WEIGHTED SCORE (Awarded Points/Possible Points*80)	80	78	

4 - VULNERABILITY (20%)	Possible Points	Awarded Points	Comments
4.1 - ZONING AND LAND USE	130	130	
4.1.1 - Zoning and land use designation (Select the highest score)			
a. Zoning allows for Single Family, Multifamily, industrial or commercial	100	100	
b. Zoning allows for density of no greater than 1 unit per 5 acres	75		
c. Zoning allows for agricultural use /density of no greater than 1 unit per 40 acres	50		
d. Zoning favors stewardship or conservation	0		
4.1.2 - Future Land Use Type (Select the highest score)			
a. Parcel designated Urban	30	30	
b. Parcel designated Estates, Rural Fringe Receiving and Neutral, Agriculture	25		
c. Parcel designated Rural Fringe Sending, Rural Lands Stewardship Area	5		
d. Parcel is designated Conservation	0		
4.2 - DEVELOPMENT PLANS	50	15	
4.2.1 - Development plans (Select the highest score)			
a. Parcel has been approved for development	20		
b. SFWMD and/or USACOE permit has been applied for or SDP application has been submitted	15		
c. Parcel has no current development plans	0	0	

4.2.2 - Site characteristics amenable to development (Select all that apply)			
a. Parcel is primarily upland	10	10	
b. Parcel is along a major roadway	10		
c. Parcel is >10 acres	5		
d. Parcel is within 1 mile of a current or planned commercial or multi-unit residential development	5	5	
VULNERABILITY TOTAL SCORE	180	145	
VULNERABILITY WEIGHTED SCORE (Awarded Points/Possible Points*80)	80	64	

8. Additional Site Photos



Snowberry



Steep incline in middle of parcel



Gumbo limbo

Hoopvine



Maritime hammock on western side of parcel

APPENDIX 1 – Critical Lands and Water Identification Maps (CLIP) Definitions

This report makes use of data layers from the Florida Natural Areas Inventory and University of Florida Critical Lands and Waters Identification Project (CLIP4). CLIP4 is a collection of spatial data that identify statewide priorities for a broad range of natural resources in Florida. It was developed through a collaborative effort between the Florida Areas Natural Inventory (FNAI), the University of Florida GeoPlan Center and Center for Landscape Conservation Planning, and the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC). It is used in the Florida Forever Program to evaluate properties for acquisition. CLIP4 is organized into a set of core natural resource data layers which are representative of 5 resource categories: biodiversity, landscapes, surface water, groundwater and marine. The first 3 categories have also been combined into the Aggregated layer, which identifies 5 priority levels for natural resource conservation.

Below is a description of each of the three CLIP4 data layers used in this report.

Figure 4 - CLIP4 Priority Natural Communities

Consists of 12 priority natural community types: upland glades, pine rocklands, seepage slopes, scrub, sandhill, sandhill upland lakes, rockland hammock, coastal uplands, imperiled coastal lakes, dry prairie, upland pine, pine flatwoods, upland hardwood forest, or coastal wetlands. These natural communities are prioritized by a combination of their heritage global status rank (G-rank) and landscape context, based on the Land Use Intensity Index (subset of CLIP Landscape Integrity Index) and FNAI Potential Natural Areas. Priority 1 includes G1-G3 communities with Very High or High landscape context. Priority 2 includes G1-G3 Medium and G4 Very High/High. Priority 3 includes G4 Medium and G5 Very High/High. Priority 5 is G5 Medium.

This data layer was created by FNAI originally to inform the Florida Forever environmental land acquisition program. The natural communities were mapped primarily based on the FNAI/FWC Cooperative Land Cover (CLC) data layer, which is a compilation of best-available land cover data for the entire state. The CLC is based on both remote-sensed (from aerial photography, primarily from water management district FLUCCS data) and ground-truthed (from field surveys on many conservation lands) data.

Figure 10. Potential Habitat Richness CLIP4 Map

This CLIP version 4.0 data layer is unchanged from CLIP v3.0. FWC Potential Habitat Richness. Because SHCAs do not address species richness, FWC also developed the potential habitat richness layer to identify areas of overlapping vertebrate species habitat. FWC created a statewide potential habitat model for each species included in their analysis. In some cases, only a portion of the potential habitat was ultimately designated as SHCA for each species. The Potential Habitat Richness layer includes the entire potential habitat model for each species and provides a count of the number of species habitat models occurring at each location. The highest number of focal species co-occurring at any location in the model is 13.

Figure 11: CLIP4 Aquifer Recharge Priority and Wellfield Protection Zones

High priorities indicate high potential for recharge to an underlying aquifer system (typically the Floridan aquifer but could be intermediate or surficial aquifers in some portions of the state). The highest priorities indicate high potential for recharge to springs or public water supplies. This figure also includes Wellfield Protection Zones. Collier County Wellfield Protection Zones are referenced in the Land Development Code and updated in 2010 by Pollution Control and Prevention Department Staff. The public water supply wellfields, identified in section 3.06.06 and permitted by the SFWMD for potable water to withdraw a minimum of 100,000 average gallons per day (GPD), are identified as protected wellfields, around which specific land use and activity (regulated development) shall be regulated under this section.